


CHAPTER 5

Logarithmic, Exponential and Hyperbolic Functions

Additional exercise 5(e)

- 15**  [heat transfer] The temperature distribution, $\theta(x)$, along a fin of length L is given by

$$\theta(x) = Ae^{kx} + Be^{-kx}$$

where A , B and k are constants and x is the distance along the fin. A and B can be evaluated from

$$A + B = \theta_0 \quad \text{and} \quad Ae^{kL} + Be^{-kL} = \theta_L$$

(θ_0 is the temperature at the base of the fin and θ_L is the temperature at length L). Show that

$$\text{i} \quad A = \frac{\theta_L - \theta_0 e^{-kL}}{e^{kL} - e^{-kL}}$$

$$\text{ii} \quad B = \frac{\theta_0 e^{kL} - \theta_L}{e^{kL} - e^{-kL}}$$

$$\text{iii} \quad \theta(x) = \frac{\theta_L \sinh(kx) + \theta_0 \sinh[k(L-x)]}{\sinh(kL)}$$